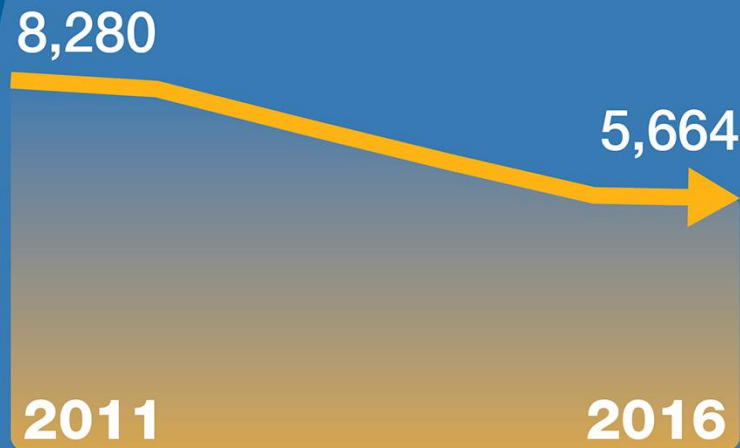


# TB in England

  
**3 in 4**  
TB cases  
born abroad

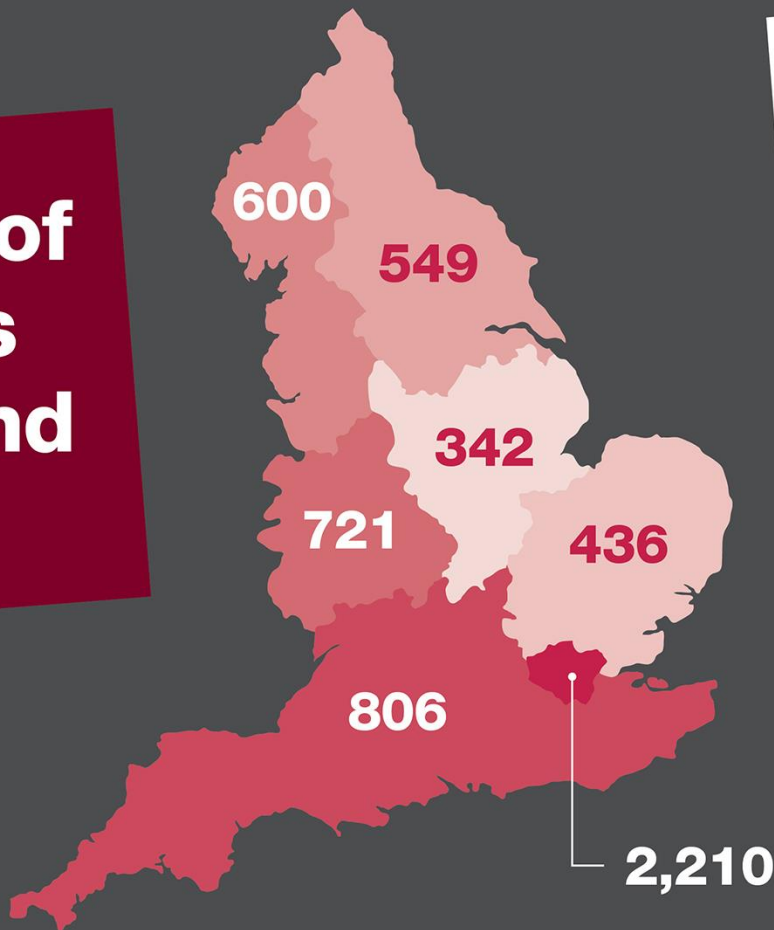


The number of cases  
of TB in England has  
decreased over the  
past 5 years

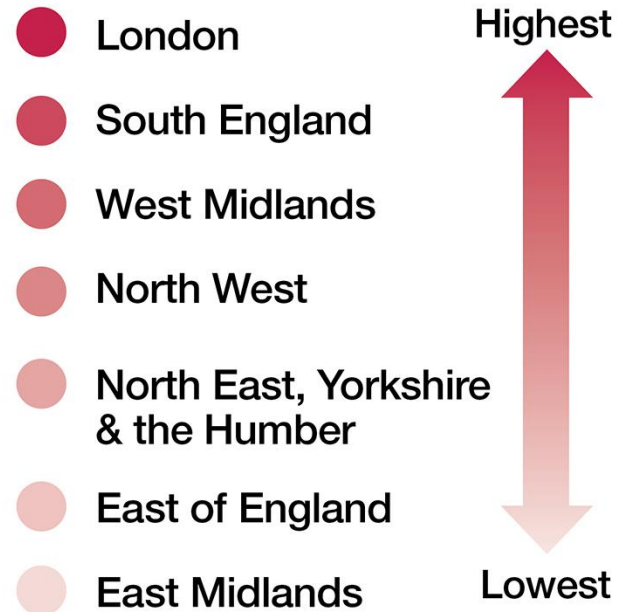


Cases  
among both  
the UK and  
foreign born  
populations  
**decreased**  
**2012-2016**

# Number of TB cases in England in 2016



## TB cases



**Under-served groups are most at risk of TB**

**TB cases with a social risk factor increased 2011-2016**

**8.9%**  
of cases

**11.1%**  
of cases

2011  2016

**Cases with social risk factors:**



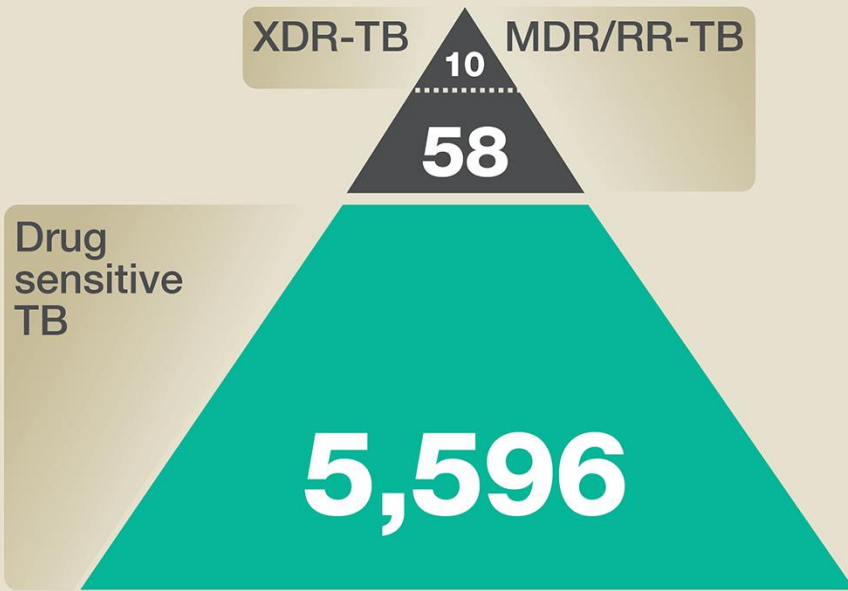
are twice as likely to have infectious TB



are twice as likely to die

# Improve TB diagnosis to ...

## Reduce the spread of multi-drug resistant TB



MDR/RR-TB cases take longer and cost more to treat

## Reduce delays



in access, diagnosis and care

# 31%

of pulmonary TB patients experience a delay of more than 4 months before starting treatment



Data for cases notified in 2016



**83%**

**of TB patients**  
complete a six-month  
course of treatment

**TB is  
curable with  
antibiotics**

the sooner the illness is  
diagnosed and treated  
the better



**TB is curable**  
- treat and  
complete

**Patients should  
complete treatment**

to reduce the risk of:

- drug resistant TB
- onward transmission
- relapse of disease
- dying

**TB rates  
in England  
remain  
among the  
highest in  
Western  
Europe**



**Estimated  
incidence  
of all forms  
of TB**  
(cases per  
100,000 of  
population)



Improve access  
and diagnosis



Quality diagnostics



Quality treatment  
and care



Contact tracing



Workforce strategy

# Key actions to eliminate TB

Collaborative TB Strategy for England, 2015-2020



Vaccination



Surveillance and  
monitoring



Latent TB screening



Tackle TB in under-  
served populations



Reduce drug  
resistance