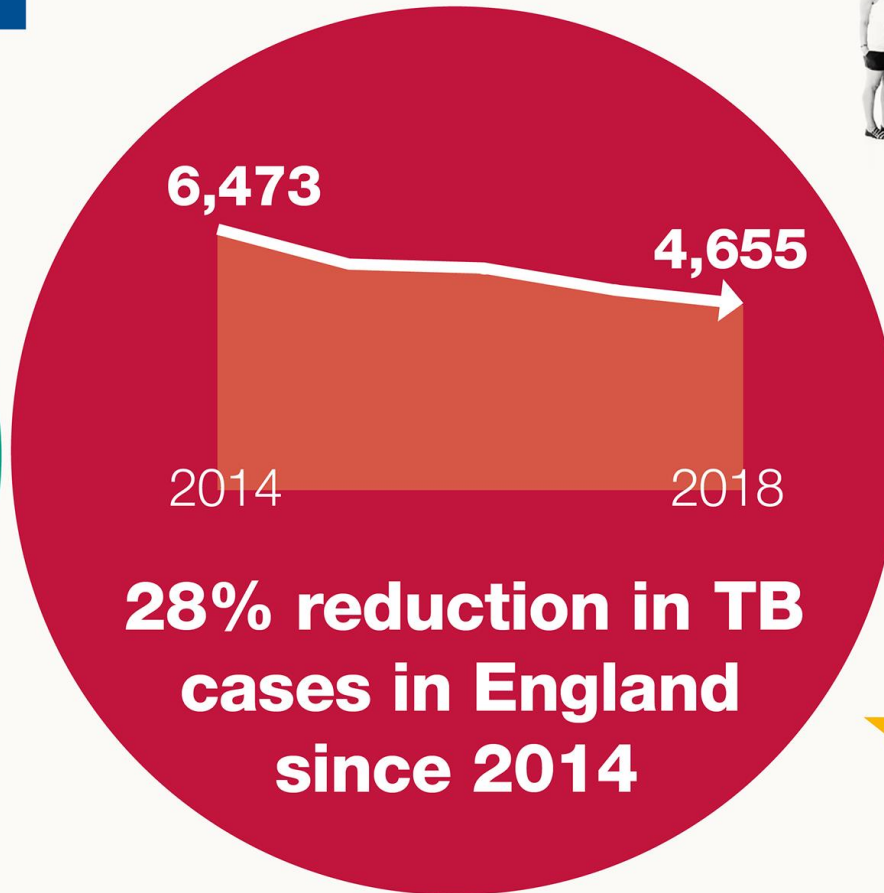
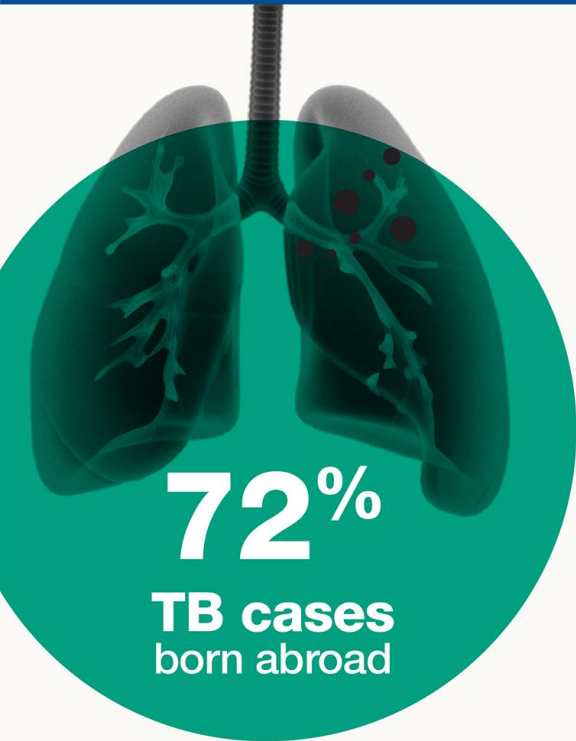


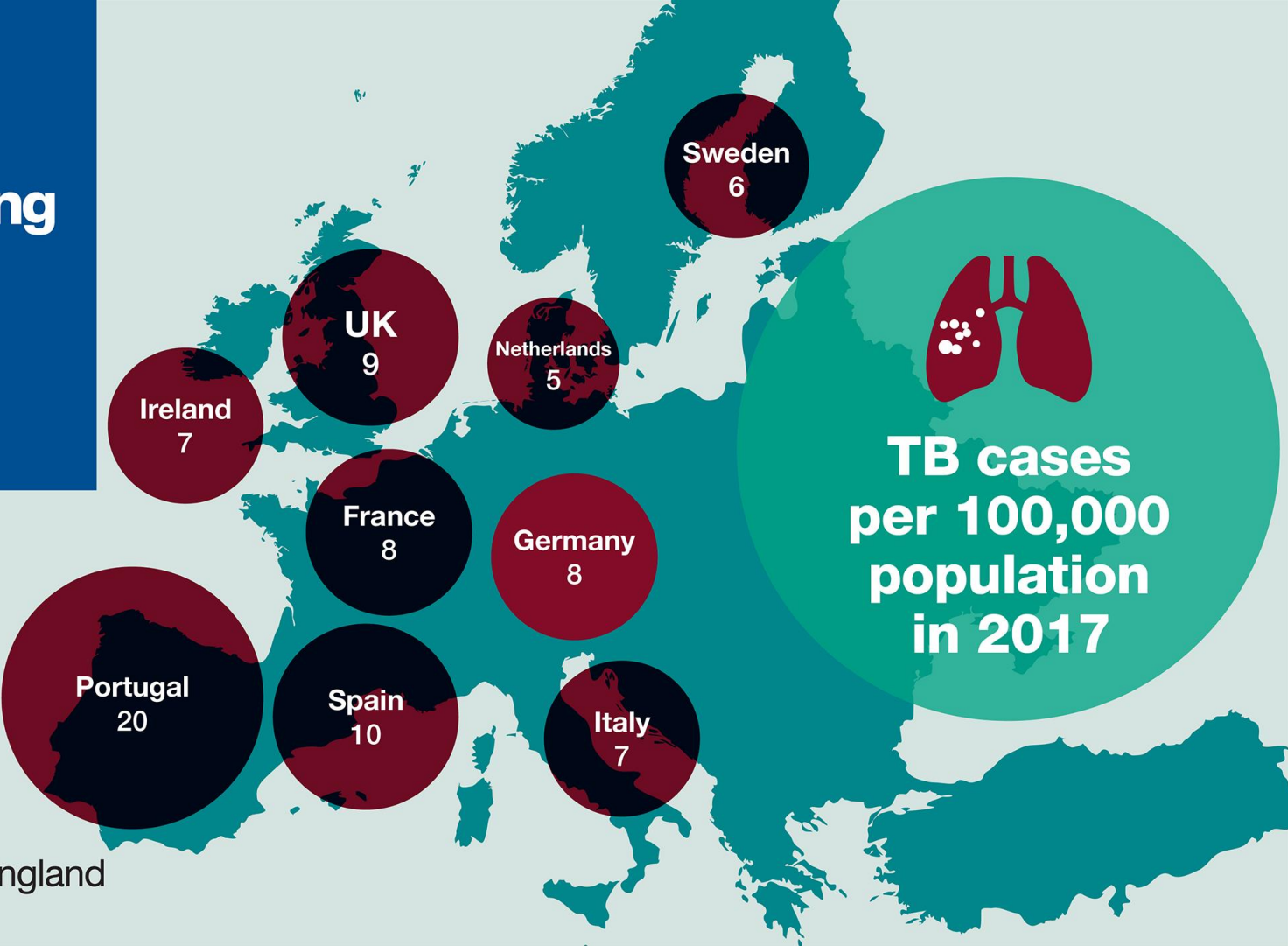
TB in England



TB among both the UK and foreign born populations **decreased in 2018**



**TB rates
in England
remain among
the highest
in Western
Europe**



TB is curable

TB is curable with antibiotics

the sooner the illness is diagnosed and treated the better

86%

of TB patients completed a course of treatment in 2017

Completing treatment reduces the risk of:

- drug resistant TB
- disease
- onward transmission
- dying



Public Health England

Under-served groups are most at risk of TB

9.8%

13.3%

Over the last 5 years, the proportion of **people with TB who had a social risk factor has increased**



People with social risk factors are:

x 1.5

more likely to have infectious TB

x 1.5

more likely to die

2014

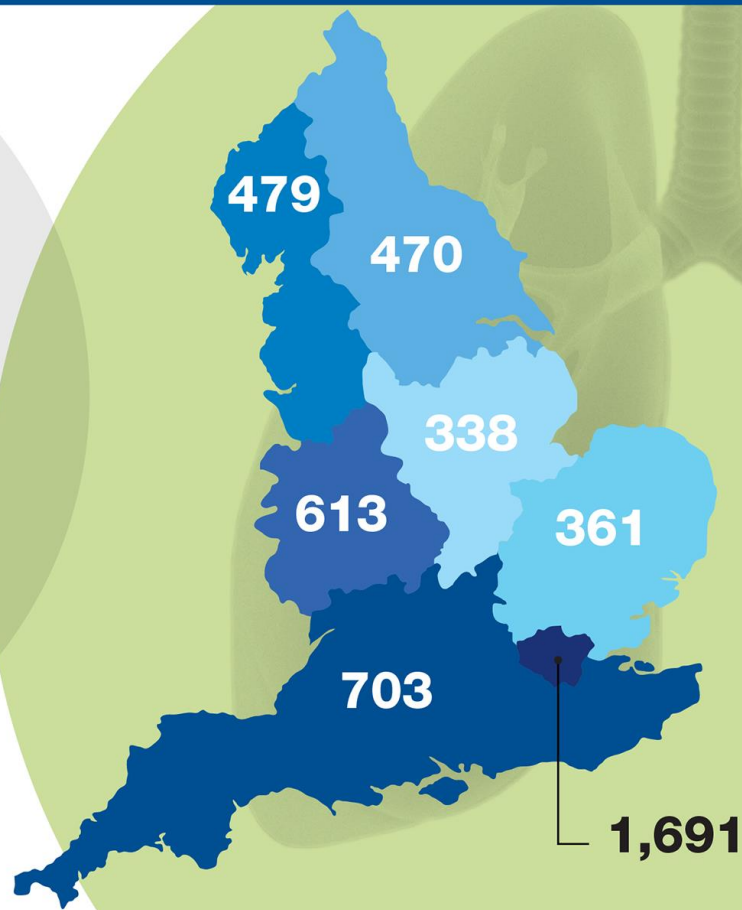
2018



Public Health England

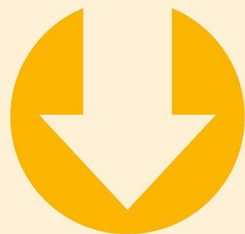
Number of TB cases in England in 2018

- London
- South England
- West Midlands
- North West
- North East, Yorkshire & the Humber
- East of England
- East Midlands



Public Health England

Improve TB diagnosis to...



Reduce delays
in access, diagnosis and care

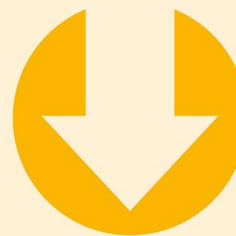


29%

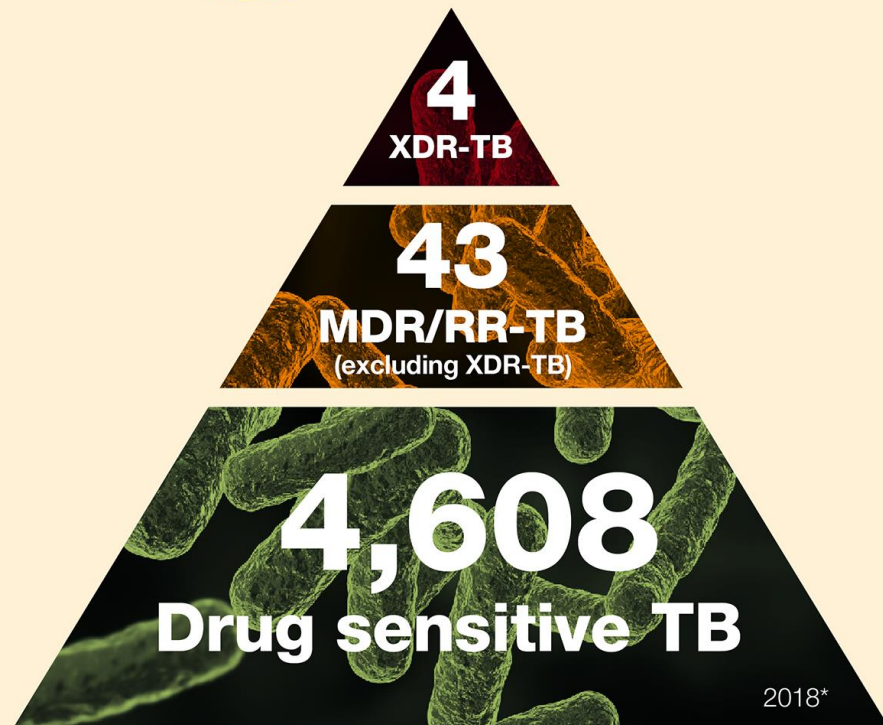
Percentage of pulmonary TB patients in 2018 experiencing a delay of more than 4 months before starting treatment



Public Health England



Reduce spread
of multi-drug
resistant TB



2018*

* Numbers include people treated or confirmed with MDR/RR-TB and XDR-TB



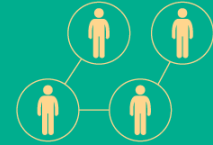
Improve access
and diagnosis



Quality diagnostics



Quality treatment
and care



Contact tracing



Workforce strategy

Key actions to eliminate TB

Collaborative TB Strategy for England, 2015-2020



Vaccination



Surveillance and
monitoring



Latent TB screening



Tackle TB in under-
served populations



Reduce drug
resistance